Non-Hospital Medical and Surgical Facilities Accreditation Program

Accreditation Standards for Anesthesia Services in Dental Facilities

GUIDE

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### Introduction

### Background

The following Non-Hospital Medical and Surgical Facilities Accreditation Program (NHMSFAP) accreditation standards apply to anesthesiologists and those providing family practice anesthesia (FPA) in dental facilities:

Anesthesia

IV Procedural Sedation and Analgesia for Adults

Post-Anesthesia Care

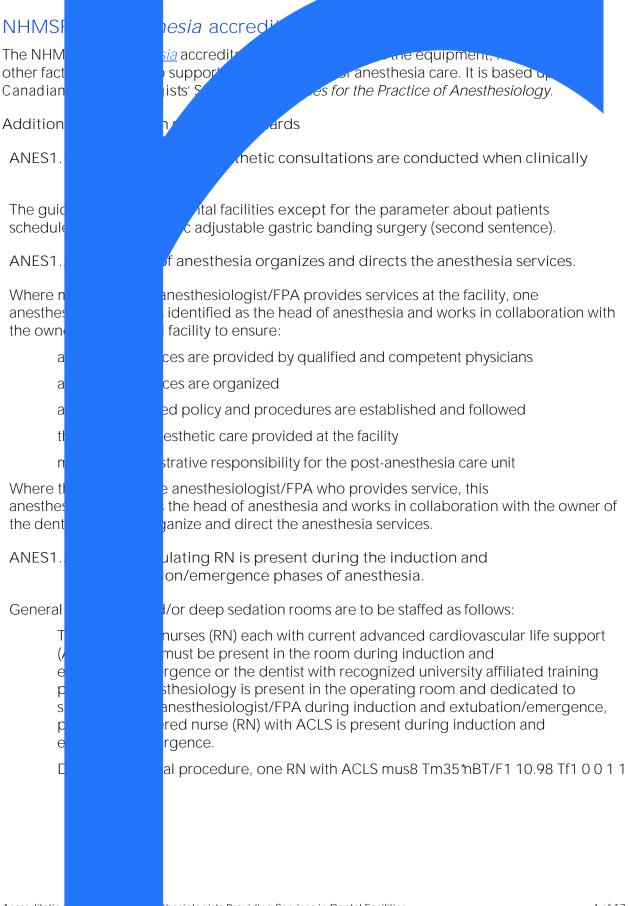
Emergency Cart Medication and Equipment Standards:

- o Class 1 General Anesthesia Facility Emergency Cart
- o Class 2 IV Sedation/Analgesia Facility Emergency Cart
- Pediatric Emergency Care
- o Malignant Hyperthermia

Medical Records and Documentation

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ANES1.8.15 Proper gas flow through the breathing circuit during inspiration and exhalation is verified.

Although not specified in the NHMSFAP anesthesia standard, when TIVA is to be maintained by propofol infusion an infusion pump is used.

# NHMSFAP *IV Procedural Sedation and Analgesia for Adults* accreditation standard

The NHMSFAP <u>IV Procedural Sedation and Analgesia for Adults</u> accreditation standard applies to minimal to moderate sedation only. When the intended level of sedation is moderate sedation, patients must be monitored in accordance with the requirements for moderate sedation. The standard outlines appropriate staffing levels and the equipment, monitoring and other factors required to support the safe delivery of minimal to moderate sedation.

When administering IV procedural sedation and analgesia medications intended for general

IVS 1.4 The procedure room is appropriately staffed during IV procedural sedation and analgesia under the care of an anesthesiologist and when both the

#### Pediatric care

Perioperative registered nurses providing care to pediatric patients hold current PALS certification, as appropriate.

Post-anesthesia care registered nurses providing care to pediatric patients hold current PALS certification, as appropriate.

At minimum, there is one registered nurse on site with pediatric emergency training when pediatric patients are receiving care at the facility. It is recommended that facilities providing pediatric services have both an RN in the operating room and an RN in the post-anesthesia care area that hold current pediatric advanced life support (PALS) certification.

In the non-hospital setting, the pediatric population age range is defined as children aged three and at minimum 12 kilograms in weight to children aged 12 and/or under 24 kilograms in weight. Facilities that provide medical, surgical, dental or anesthesia services to pediatric patients must have at minimum one RN on site that holds current PALS certification when pediatric patients are receiving care. It is recommended that facilities providing pediatric services have both an RN in the operating room and a RN in the post-anesthesia care area that hold current PALS certification. The medical director is responsible for ensuring nursing staff are current for emergency training prior to working in a non-hospital facility. PALS courses must include an in person/hands-on component and be renewed every two years. Medical directors must ensure that providers of emergency training courses meet acceptable theory and in- person/hands-on components. When there is a nationally or internationally recognized body, e.g. Heart and Stroke Foundation of Canada (HSFC) that publishes guidelines the medical director must ensure third party course providers instruct in accordance with those guidelines. Copies of PALS certification are maintained in the individuami

## NHMSFAP *Post-Anesthesia Care* accreditation standard The NHMSFAP *Post-Anesthesia CaraFAP*